

## 2006 Denison Survey Results

# Linking Organizational Culture to Organizational Results at the



Colorado Department of Personnel & Administration



Division of Information Technologies (DoIT)

## What is the Denison Organizational Culture Survey?

- The Denison Organizational Culture Survey was developed by Daniel R. Denison, Ph.D. and William S. Neale, M.A., M.L.I.R.
- The surveys and model are based on over 20 years of research by Dr. Denison on the link between organization culture and bottom-line performance measures such as Return on Investments (ROI), Return on Assets (ROA), Sales Growth, Quality and Employee Satisfaction.





## What Benchmark Are We Being Compared To?

- The database includes over 550 organizations.
- The sample includes organizations all over the world, including 80% from North America.
- The organizations are comprised of a variety of industries, and come from both large and small companies.
- 13% of the organizations in the database are from the public sector.





### UNDERSTANDING BUSINESS CULTURE . . .

## What is Business Culture, Anyway? DEFINITION:

"The way things get done around here."





## Why conduct the survey?

- The Denison Organizational Culture Survey looks at the culture of an organization as a whole and ties culture to bottom-line performance measures.
- Repeated use of the Denison Organizational Culture Survey provides a measure of the organization's progress toward achieving a high-performance culture with optimum overall performance.
- This is the third year of using the Denison Survey at DoIT.





## The Organizational Survey is Based on Four Key Cultural Traits

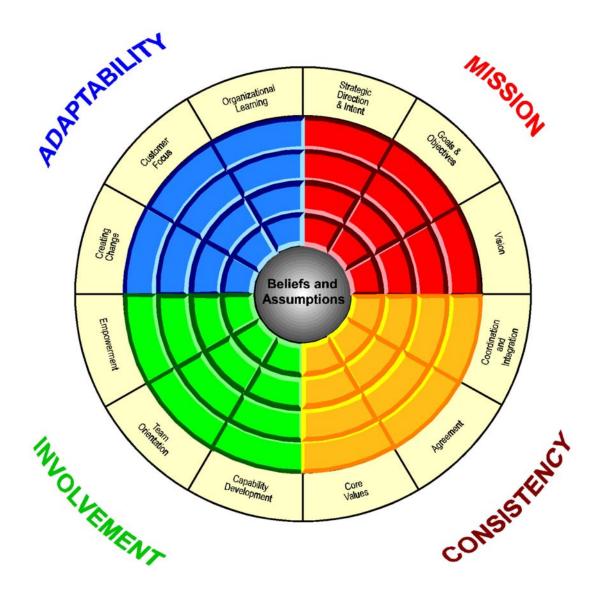
- 1. Mission,
- 2. Consistency,
- 3. Involvement, and
- 4. Adaptability

with three Management Practices in each trait





## **Every Organization Needs to Have Capabilities** in These Four Areas







## Mission as a Key Cultural Trait

### Mission

Direction...Purpose ...Blueprint

Defining and communicating a meaningful long-term direction for the organization.

"Do we know where we are going?"

#### External Focus



Stable





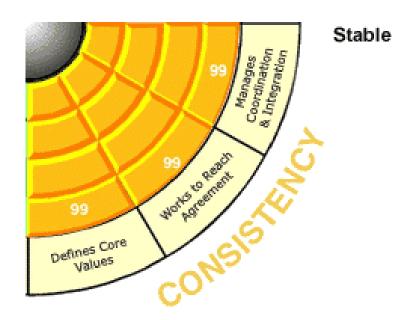
## Consistency as a Key Cultural Trait

### Consistency

Systems...Structures...Processes

Defining the values and systems that are the basis of a strong culture.

"Can we execute and create leverage?"



Internal Focus





## Involvement as a Key Cultural Trait

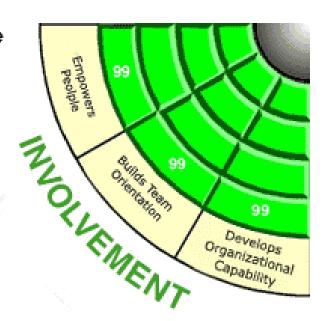
#### Involvement

Commitment...Ownership ...Responsibility

Building human capability, ownership, and responsibility.

"Are our people aligned and engaged?"

Flexible



Internal Focus





## Adaptability as a Key Cultural Trait

## Adaptability

Patterns...Trends...Marketplace

Translating the demands of the business environment into action.

"Are we listening to the marketplace?"

Promotes
Organizational
Organizational
Organizational
Learning
99
99
Belief

External Focus

Flexible





## What's the Purpose of Survey Feedback?

- The purpose of feedback is to help improve DoIT's effectiveness and performance.
- Feedback helps us get a better picture of our organization's strengths & challenges and how these are evolving over time.
- Feedback helps us to understand how we are viewed by others.
- Feedback is an important step in creating an action plan for DoIT's continuing development.





### **How NOT to Use This Feedback**

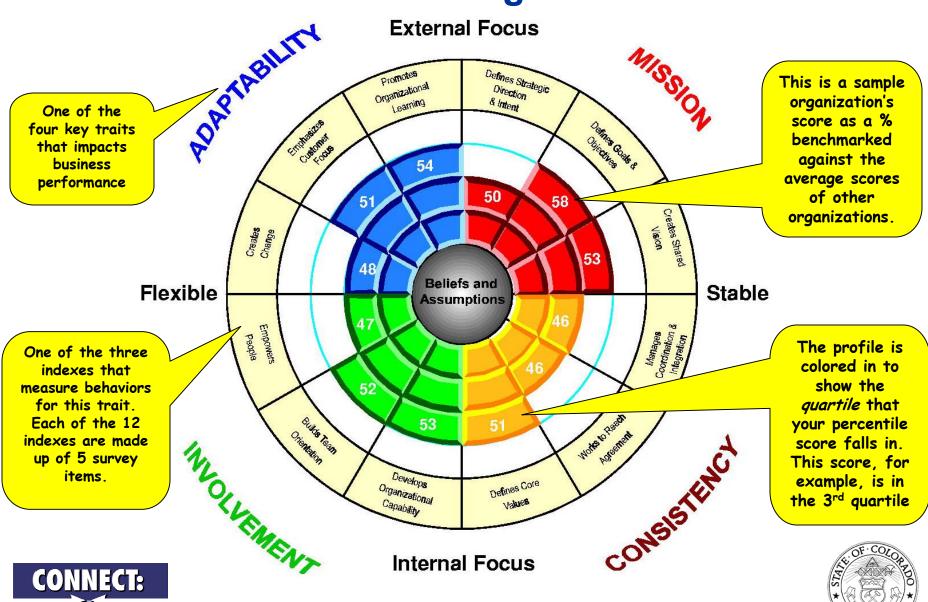
- The DETECTIVE who are the \*#&%'s that said that about our company?
- The ANALYST What about the validity and reliability of these measures?
- Too BUSY No time for this – more important things to do!!

#### **Favorite Excuses:**

- Our employees don't really know the company that well;
- Recent changes (mergers, acquisitions, restructuring, policy/regulatory changes, etc.) make us act this way; we're not really like that;
- The data about our strengths are accurate, but not the data about our weaknesses;
- We used to be this way, but we've changed very recently.



## **Understanding Results**



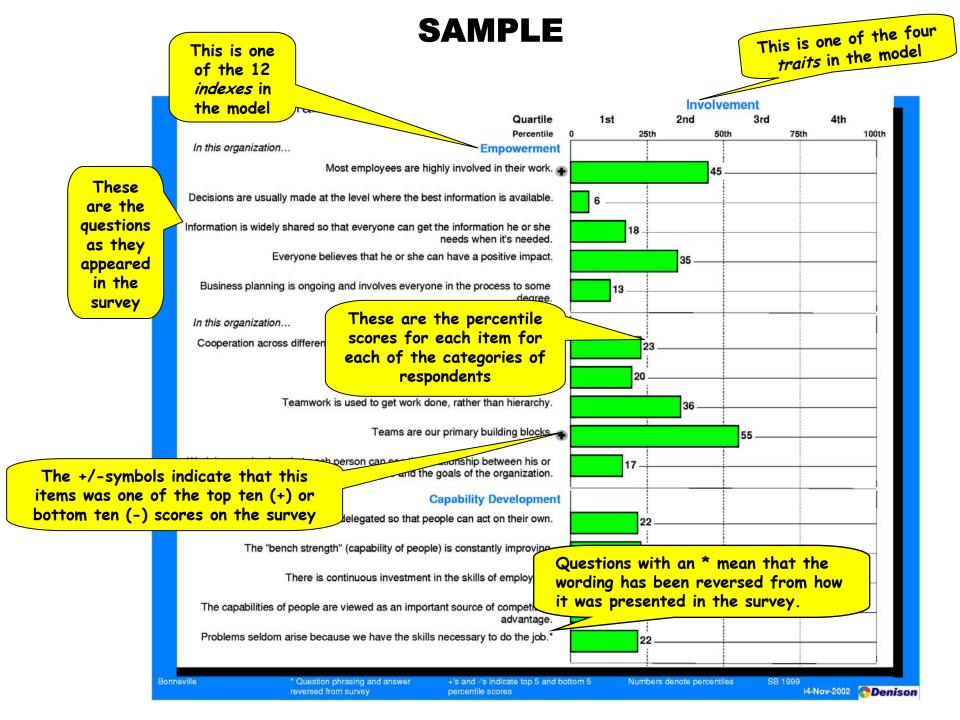
The Knowledge Network

## **Reading the Chart**

- Strengths -- more color
- Challenges -- less color
- Flexibility -- more color on the left, in involvement and adaptability
- Stable -- more color on the right, in mission and consistency
- Internal focus -- more color on the bottom, in involvement and consistency
- External focus -- more color on the top, in adaptability and mission

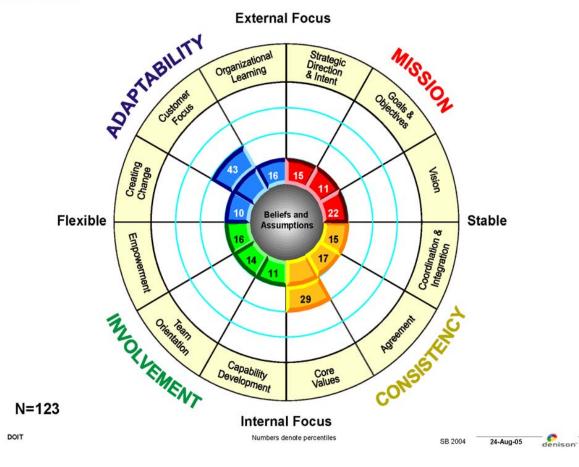






## 2005

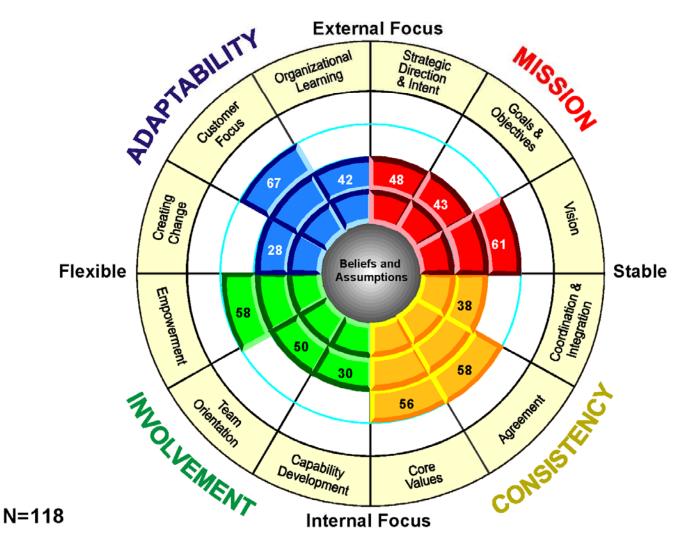
**DOIT Overall** 







#### DolT 2006 Overall



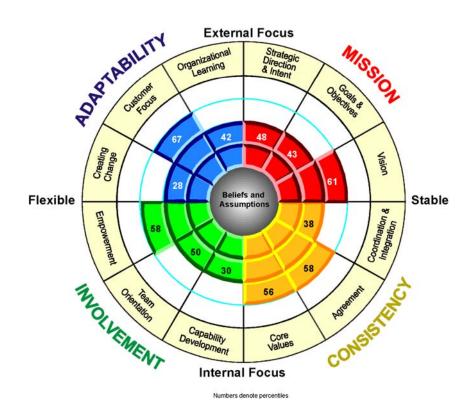
### 2005 Overall v. 2006 Overall

#### 2005 Overall

#### **External Focus SAPTABILITY** Organizational Strategic Direction & Intent Creating Change 16 22 Beliefs and Flexible Stable **Assumptions** Empowerment 29 Capability Development Core Internal Focus Numbers denote percentiles

N = 123

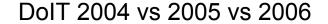
#### 2006 Overall



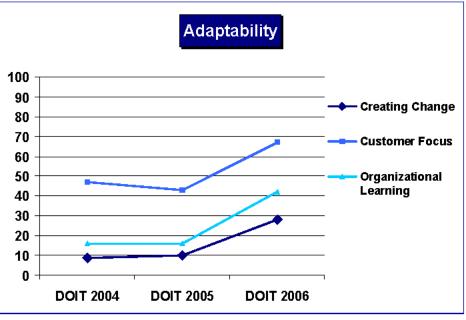
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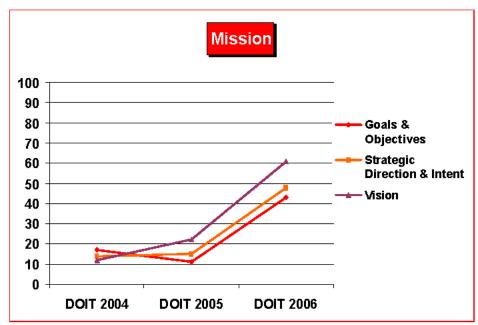


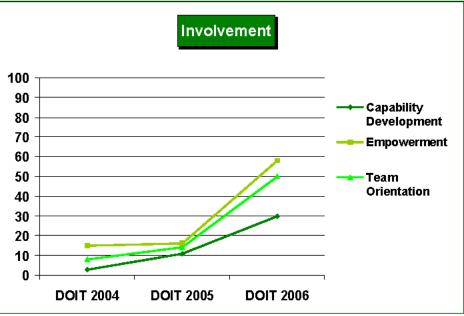


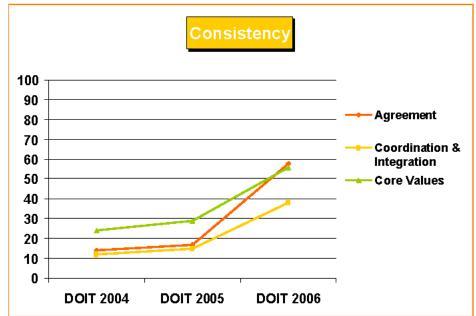






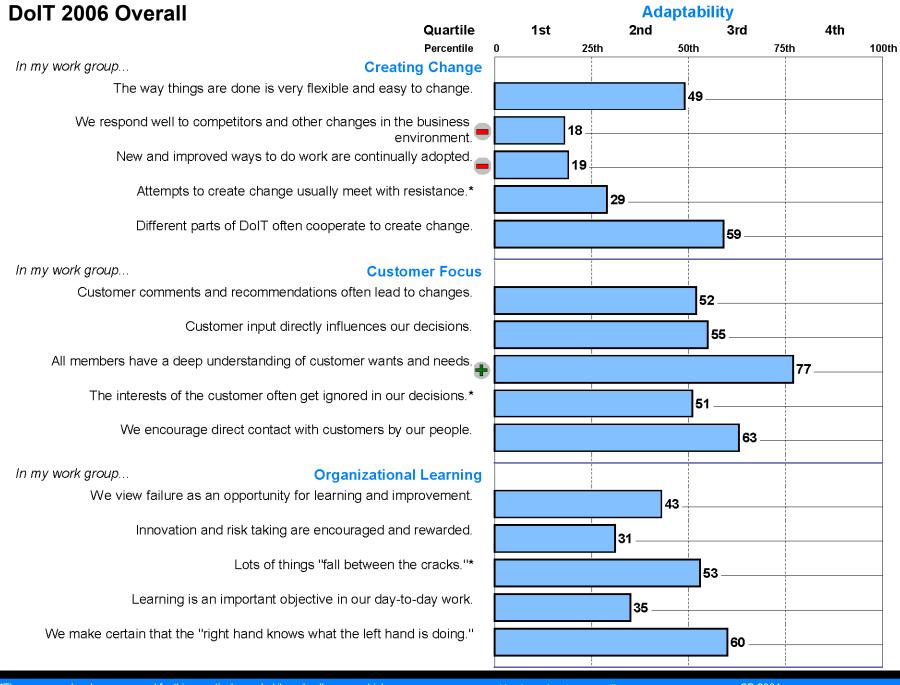




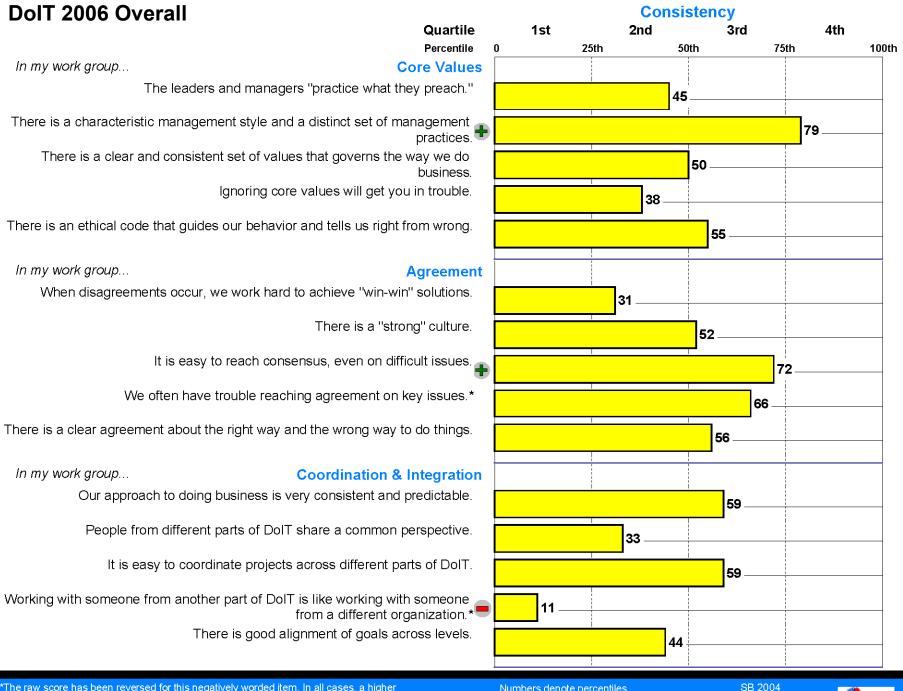




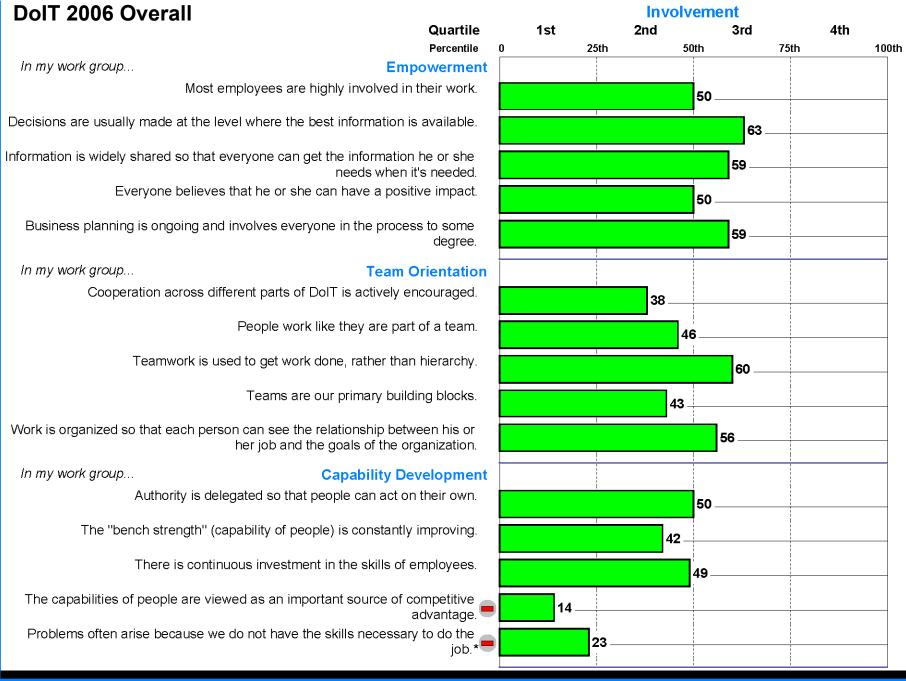














#### **DoIT Overall**

#### **Highest Scores**

- 79 There is a characteristic management style and a distinct set of management practices.
- All members have a deep understanding of customer wants and needs.
- Short-term thinking often compromises our long-term vision.\*
- 72 It is easy to reach consensus, even on difficult issues.
- Leaders have a long-term viewpoint.

#### **Lowest Scores**

- Working with someone from another part of DoIT is like working with someone from a different organization.\*
- The capabilities of people are viewed as an important source of competitive advantage.
- We respond well to competitors and other changes in the business environment.
- New and improved ways to do work are continually adopted.
- Problems often arise because we do not have the skills necessary to do the job.\*



Authors: Daniel R. Denison, Ph.D. William S. Neale, M.A., M.L.I.R
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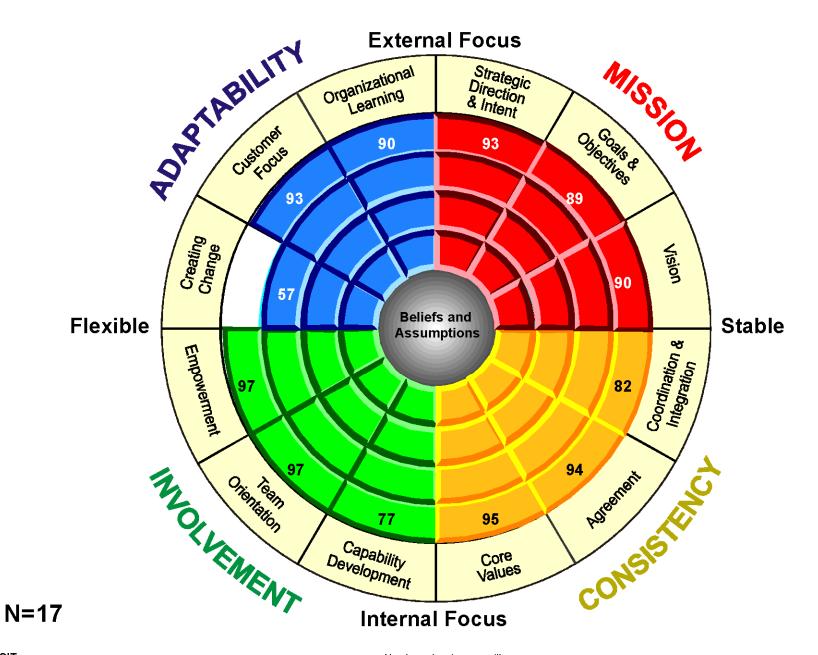
http://www.DenisonCulture.com



## **Organizational Role Comparisons**



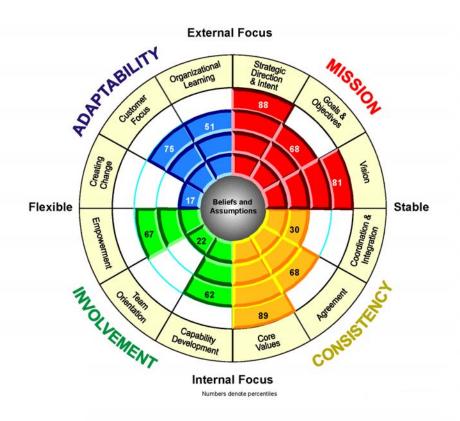


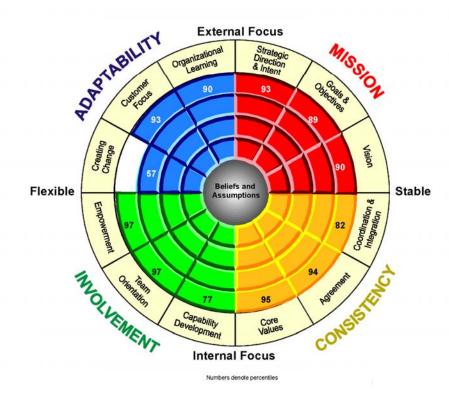


## **Manager Comparison Study**

Manager 2005

Manager 2006



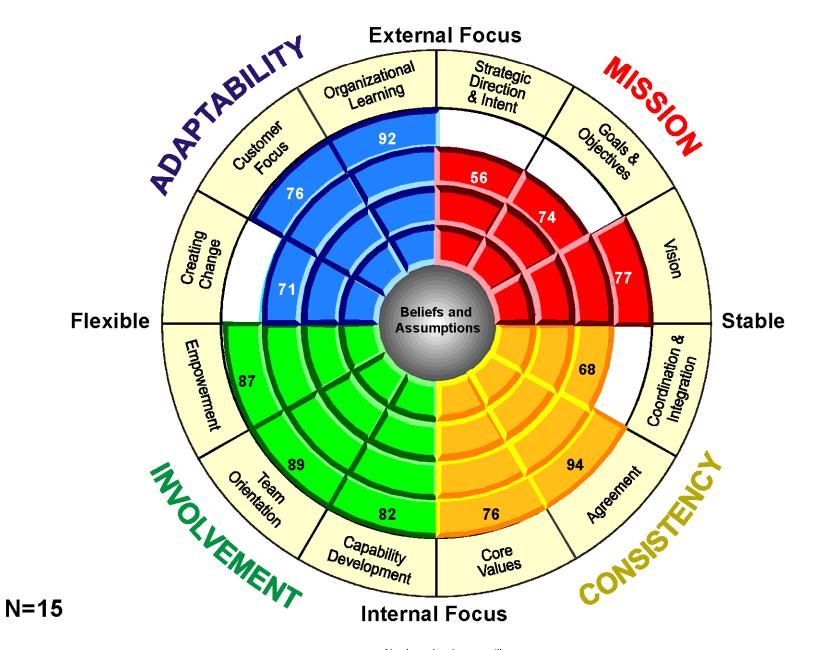




N = 16

N = 17

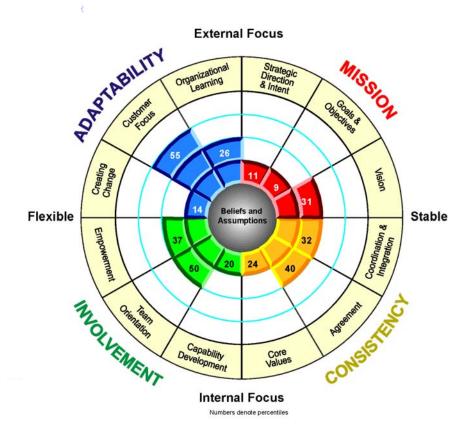


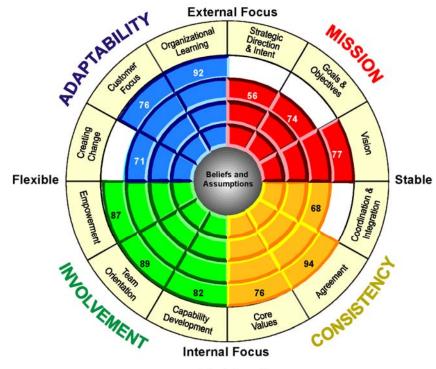


## **Supervisor Comparison Study**

## Supervisor 2005

## Supervisor 2006





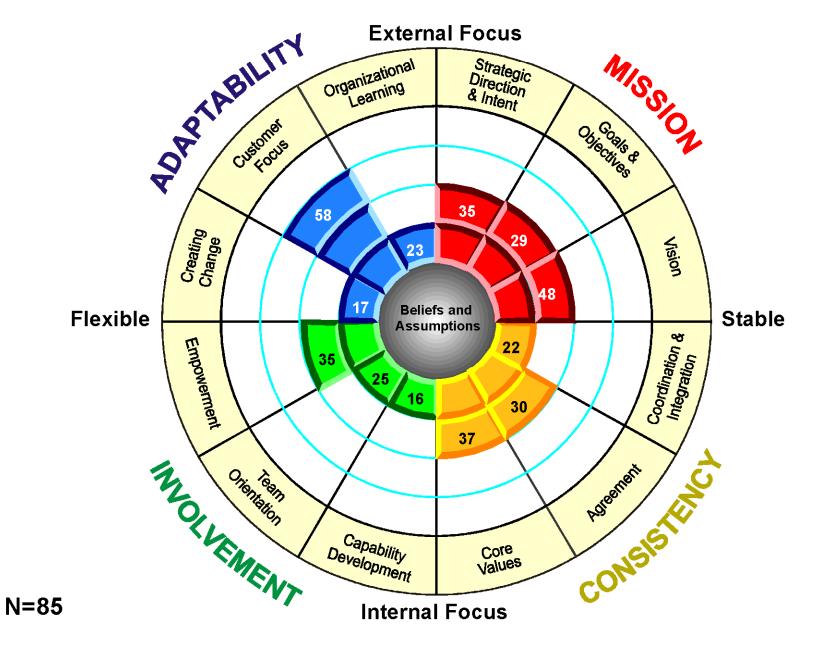
Numbers denote percentiles

N = 26

N = 15





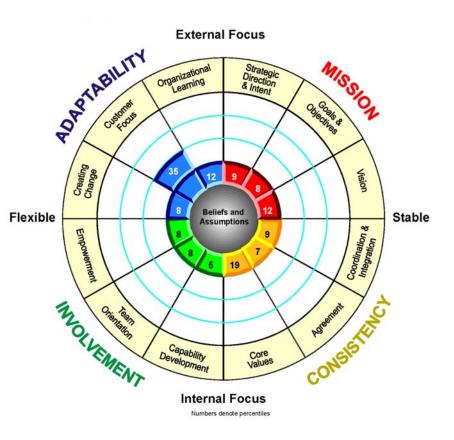


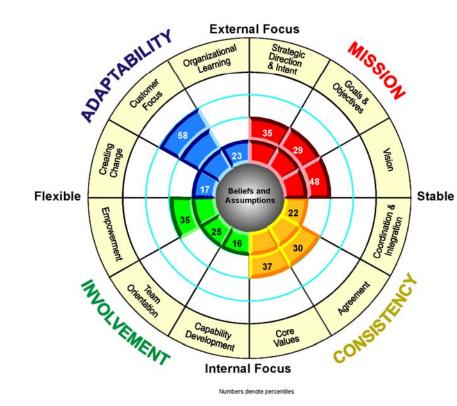
**o** denison

## **Employee Comparison Study**

Employee 2005

Employee 2006





N = 79

The Knowledge Network

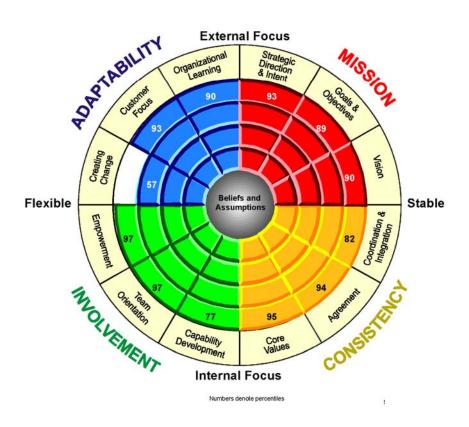
N = 85

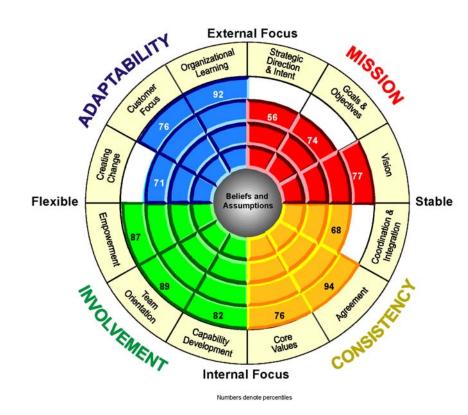


## Managers v. Supervisors in 2006

### Manager

### **Supervisor**







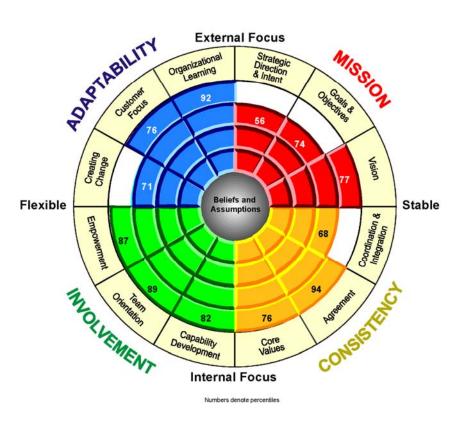


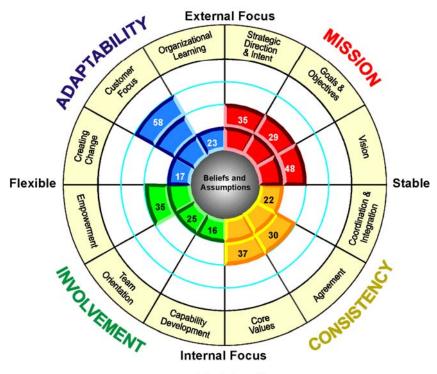


## Supervisors v. Employees in 2006

#### **Supervisor**

#### **Employee**





Numbers denote percentiles

N = 15

N = 85

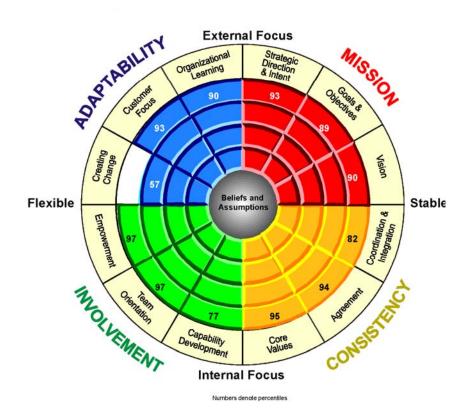


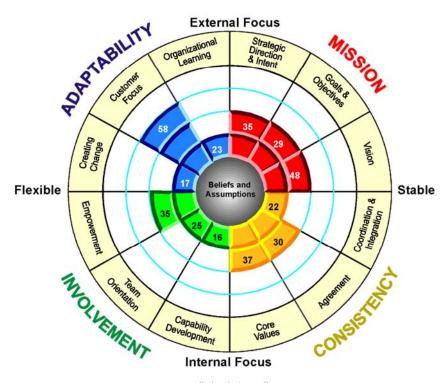


## Managers and Employees in 2006

Manager

**Employee** 





Numbers denote percentiles

N = 17

N = 85

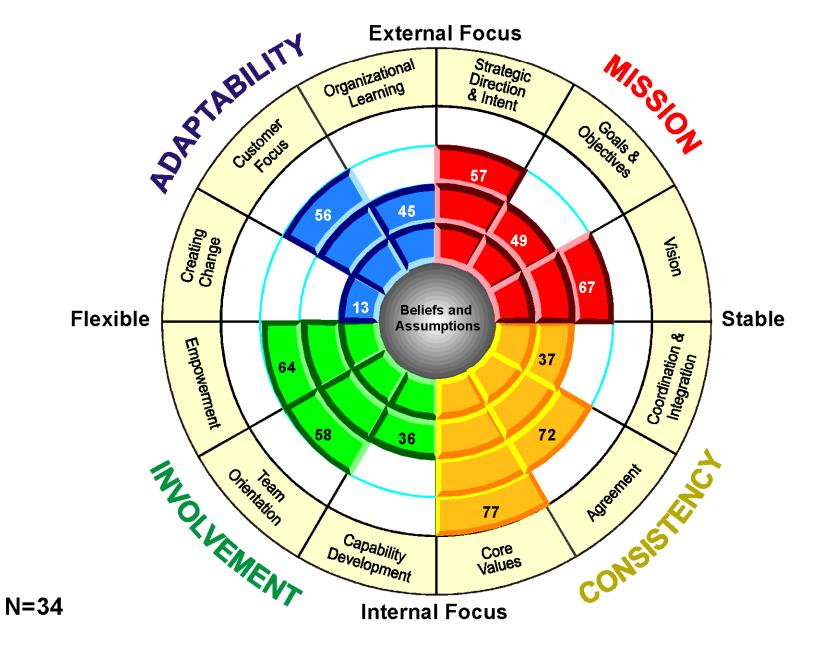




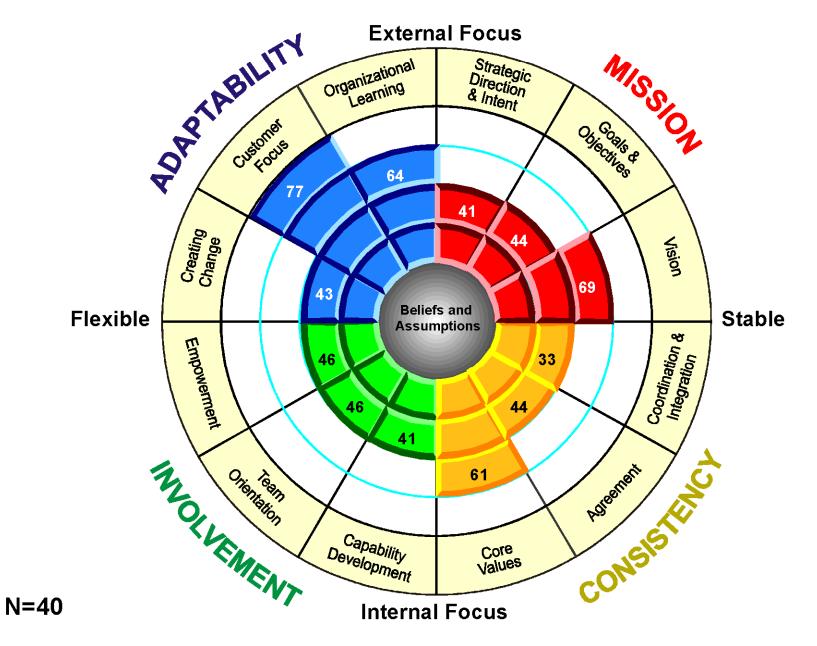
## **Length of Service Comparisons**



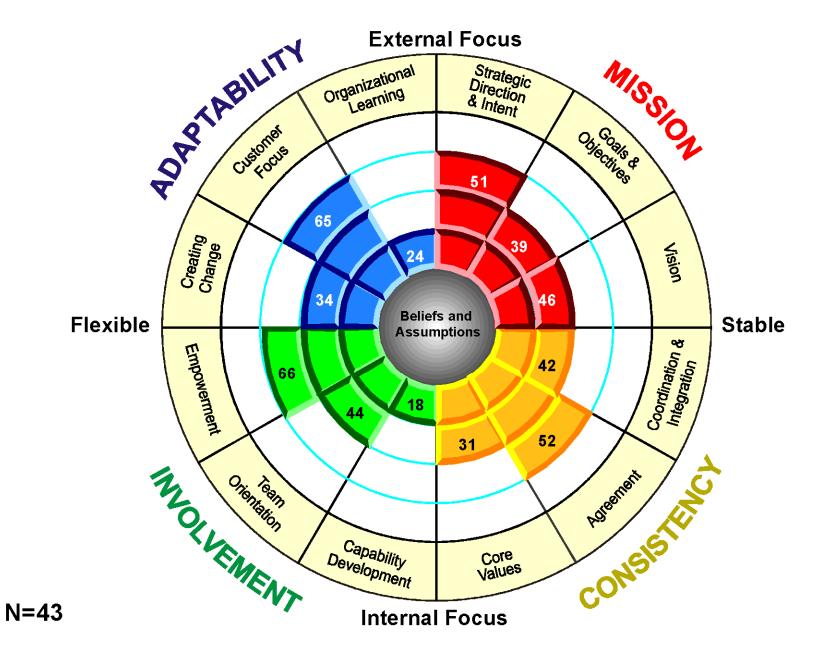




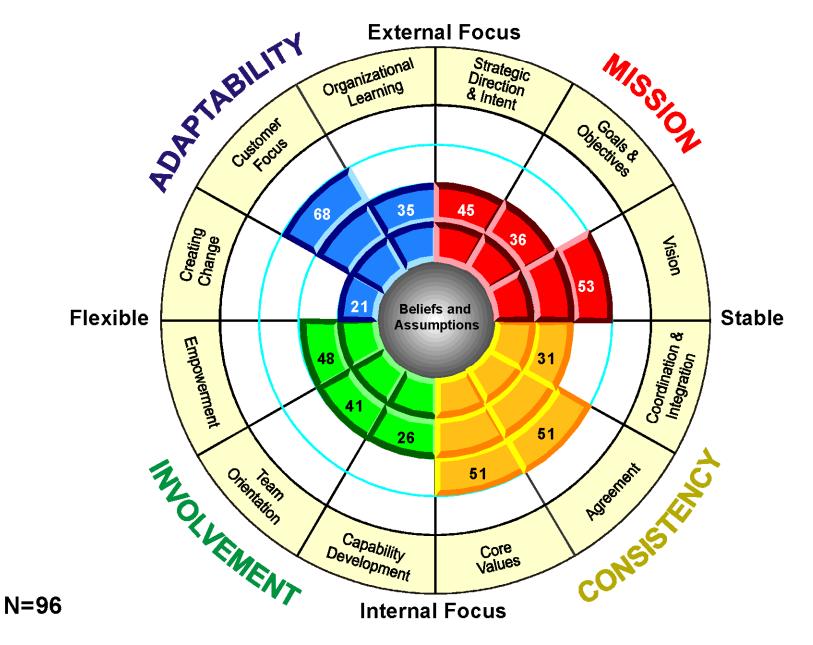
denison\*



denison\*

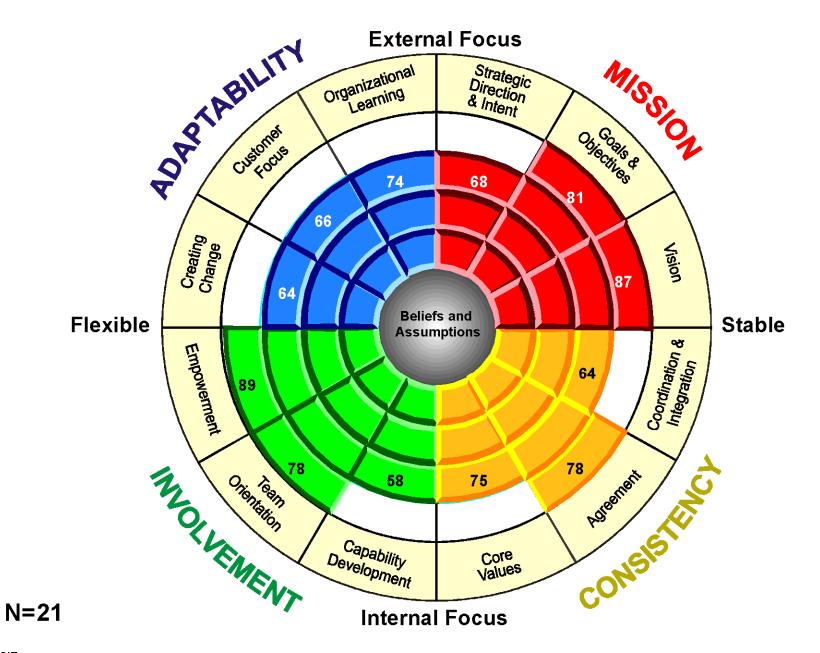


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## **Unit Groups**

- Administration, Customer Relations, Disaster Recovery
- Archives
- Communications, DTR Maintenance, Microwave
- Computer Room
- DN/Server Support, OS Support, R&D
- Security
- Statewide Apps, Accounting/Finance, HR & Payroll
- Storage/Database, Service Management
- Telecommunications, Administration, Network, Order Entry & Billing, Voice and Video



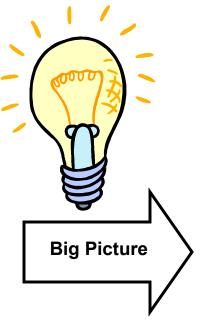


## **Analysis of results**

- Break into groups (see next slide)
- Review results
- Elect a scribe to keep track of your responses to the next several slides
- Start the process outlined on the next screen







### **Interpretation Guidelines**







#### Strengths & Challenges

#### What are main areas?

Strong = more color Weak = less color

#### Review the Items Are these clustered?

Flexible? Stable? Externally Focused? Internally Focused?

Involvement? Consistency? Adaptability? Mission?

#### Summarize Strengths

#### **Review the 12 Indexes**

Which are strongest? Most important to job? Clustered in one trait?

Top five? Clustered in one trait?

#### Summarize Challenges

#### **Review the 12 Indexes**

Which are lowest?

Most important to your organization's effectiveness?

Clustered in one trait?

#### Review the Items

Bottom Five? Clustered in one trait?

#### Key Patterns

#### Impact of strengths and weaknesses on performance measures:

**Employee Satisfaction?** Quality? Sales? **Customer Satisfaction?** Innovation? Financial performance?

#### Areas to Improve:

What capabilities are important to improve? What actions can you take?



## If you have any questions, please contact

Sue Ellen Quam, Customer Relations Manager at <a href="mailto:sueellen.quam@state.co.us">sueellen.quam@state.co.us</a> 303 239-4313,

Rick Malinowski, Division Director/CIO at <a href="mailto:rick.malinowski@state.co.us">rick.malinowski@state.co.us</a> 303 239-4313, or our vendor,



